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	Safety Data Sheet ing to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830	taking
1.1. Product identifier		
Code:	A0461	
Product name	SMALTO 2000	
 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m Intended use Not available 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name Full address District and Country 		
	Italia	
	Tel. 0331/579100	
	Fax 0331/579372	
e-mail address of the competent person		
	tecnico@talkencolor.it	
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	เธราแรง ซูเลเหตารงางา.แ	
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	CENTRO ANTIVELENI dI Milano-Niguarda Tel 02661010	29
SECTION 2. Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture		

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication: Aerosol, category 1

Aerosol, category 1	H222 H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

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Hazard pictograms:			
Signal words:	Danger		
lazard statements:			
H222	Extremely flammable aero	osol.	
H229	Pressurised container: ma	ay burst if heated.	
H319 H315	Causes serious eye irritation.		
H336	May cause drowsiness or	dizziness.	
recautionary stateme	nts:		
P210	Keep away from heat, hot	surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition so	purces. No smoking.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even	en after use.	-
P410+P412 P501	Dispose of contents in diffe	no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F ferent containers for steel	
P102	Keep out of reach of childr	ren.	
P211 P271	Use only outdoors or in a v	flame or other ignition source. well-ventilated area.	
Contains:	ACETONE		
	PROPAN-2-OL		
	N-BUTYL ACETATE		
	BUTANOL		
.3. Other hazards			
On the basis of availab	le data, the product does not cor	ntain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.	
	omposition/informatio	n on ingredients	
SECTION 3. C			
SECTION 3. C 3.2. Mixtures			
3.2. Mixtures	Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)	
3.2. Mixtures	Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)	
3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification	Conc. % 31,106	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP) Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT S	E 3 H336, EUH066
3.2. Mixtures contains: Identification ACETONE CAS 67-64-1			E 3 H336, EUH066
3.2. Mixtures contains: Identification ACETONE CAS 67-64-1 EC 200-662-2	31,106		E 3 H336, EUH066
3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification ACETONE CAS 67-64-1 EC 200-662-2 INDEX 606-001-00- Reg. no. 01-211947	31,106 8 1330-49-XXXX		E 3 H336, EUH066
3.2. Mixtures contains: Identification ACETONE CAS 67-64-1 EC 200-662-2 INDEX 606-001-00- Reg. no. 01-211947 2-BUTOXYETHANC	31,106 8 1330-49-XXXX L	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT S	
3.2. Mixtures contains: Identification ACETONE CAS 67-64-1 EC 200-662-2 INDEX 606-001-00 Reg. no. 01-211947	31,106 8 1330-49-XXXX		
3.2. Mixtures contains: Identification ACETONE CAS 67-64-1 EC 200-662-2 INDEX 606-001-00- Reg. no. 01-211947 2-BUTOXYETHANC	31,106 8 1330-49-XXXX L	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT S Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute	

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EC 203-905-0		
INDEX 603-014-00-0		
Reg. no. 01-2119475108-36-XXXX		
4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN- 2-ONE		
CAS 123-42-2	2,508	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H335
EC 204-626-7		
INDEX 603-016-00-1		
Reg. no. 01-2119473975-21		
PROPAN-2-OL		
CAS 67-63-0	1,711	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336
EC 200-661-7		
INDEX 603-117-00-0		
Reg. no. 01-2119457558-25		
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)		
CAS 1330-20-7	1,608	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note/notes according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC 215-535-7		
INDEX 601-022-00-9		
Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-XXX		
N-BUTYL ACETATE		
CAS 123-86-4	1,467	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC 204-658-1		
INDEX 607-025-00-1		
Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29		
BUTANOL		
CAS 71-36-3	1,393	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336
EC 200-751-6		
INDEX 603-004-00-6		
Reg. no. 01-2119484630-38		
ETHYLBENZENE		
CAS 100-41-4	0,226	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373
EC 202-849-4		
INDEX 601-023-00-4		
Reg. no. 01-2119489370-35-XXX		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE		
CAS 108-65-6	0,053	Flam. Liq. 3 H226
EC 203-603-9		
INDEX 607-195-00-7		
TOLUENE		
CAS 108-88-3	0,00062	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336
EC 203-625-9		
INDEX 601-021-00-3		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

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The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 46,00 %

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP GBR ITA	España United Kingdom Italia	LÍMITES DE EXPOSICIÓN PROFESIONAL PARA AGENTES QUÍMICOS EN ESPAÑA 2019 (INSST) EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Third edition,published 2018) DIRETTIVA (UE) 2017/164 DELLA COMMISSIONE del 31 gennaio 2017
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2009/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020

ACETONE

Threshold Limit Va	alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /	
						Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
WEL	GBR	1210	500	3620	1500		
VLEP	ITA	1210	500				

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OEL	EU	1210	500			
TLV-ACGIH			250		500	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL						
Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /
Type	Country					Observations
\// A	ESP	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	OKIN
VLA		98	20	245	50	SKIN
WEL VLEP	GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN
		98	20	246	50	
OEL TLV-ACGIH	EU	98	20 20	246	50	SKIN
4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL Threshold Limit Value	PENIAN-2-ONE					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	241	50			
WEL	GBR	241	50	362	75	
TLV-ACGIH		238	50			
PROPAN-2-OL						
Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	500	200	1000	400	
WEL	GBR	999	400	1250	500	
TLV-ACGIH		492	200	983	400	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF	ISOMERS)					
Threshold Limit Value Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observations
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	
N-BUTYL ACETATE Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	724	150	965	200	
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200	

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TLV-ACGIH			50		150	
BUTANOL Threshold Limit Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observations
VLA	ESP	61	20	154	50	
WEL	GBR			154	50	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		61	20			
ETHYLBENZENE Threshold Limit Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks /
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observations
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN
	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
WEL	GBR ITA	441 442	100 100	552 884	125 200	SKIN
WEL VLEP						
WEL VLEP OEL	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE	ITA EU	442 442 87	100 100	884	200	SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value	ITA EU	442 442 87	100 100	884	200	SKIN SKIN Remarks /
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT	442 442 87 E	100 100	884 884	200	SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT	442 442 87 E TWA/8h	100 100 20	884 884 STEL/15min	200 200	SKIN SKIN Remarks /
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3	100 100 20 ppm	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3	200 200 ppm	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275	100 100 20 ppm 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550	200 200 ppm 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274	100 100 20 ppm 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548	200 200 ppm 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL VLEP OEL TOLUENE	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR ITA	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274 275	100 100 20 ppm 50 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548 550	200 200 ppm 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL VLEP OEL TOLUENE Threshold Limit Value	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR ITA	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274 275	100 100 20 ppm 50 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548 550	200 200 ppm 100 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL VLEP OEL TOLUENE Threshold Limit Value	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR ITA EU	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274 275 274 275 275	100 100 20 9pm 50 50 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548 550 550 550 STEL/15min	200 200 ppm 100 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL VLEP OEL TOLUENE Threshold Limit Value Type	ITA EU THYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR ITA EU Country	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274 275 275 275 275 TWA/8h mg/m3	100 100 20 9pm 50 50 50 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548 550 550 550 STEL/15min mg/m3	200 200 ppm 100 100 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL VLEP OEL TDLUENE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR ITA EU Country ESP	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274 275 275 275 275 TWA/8h mg/m3 192	100 100 20 20 ppm 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548 550 550 STEL/15min mg/m3 384	200 200 200 ppm 100 100 100 100 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL VLEP OEL Type VLA WEL VLA WEL	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR ITA EU Country ESP GBR	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274 275 275 275 275 TWA/8h mg/m3 192 191	100 100 20 20 ppm 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548 550 550 550 STEL/15min mg/m3	200 200 ppm 100 100 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN
WEL VLEP OEL TLV-ACGIH 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLE Threshold Limit Value Type VLA WEL VLEP	ITA EU ETHYL ACETAT Country ESP GBR ITA EU Country ESP	442 442 87 E TWA/8h mg/m3 275 274 275 275 275 275 TWA/8h mg/m3 192	100 100 20 20 ppm 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	884 884 STEL/15min mg/m3 550 548 550 550 STEL/15min mg/m3 384	200 200 200 ppm 100 100 100 100 100 100	SKIN SKIN Remarks / Observations SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN SKIN

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired

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through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	aerosol
Colour	as showed in color folder
Odour	characteristic of solvent
Odour threshold	Not available
рН	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not applicable
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	Not available
Flammability of solids and gases	non applicabile per aerosol
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	Not available
Solubility	solubile in acetone e/o diluente nitro
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available

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Decomposition temperature	Not available			
Viscosity	Not available			
Explosive properties	durante l'uso puo' formare con l'aria miscele esplosive o infiammabili			
Oxidising properties 9.2. Other information	not applicable			
9.2. Other Information				
Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	6,56 %			
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC) :	89,48 %			
punto di infiammabilità	<0°C			
densità relativa (peso specifico)	0,900			

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ACETONE

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Decomposes at temperatures above 90°C/194°F.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

BUTANOL

Attacks various types of plastic materials.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

TOLUENE

Avoid exposure to: light.

10.2. Chemical stability

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The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

ACETONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride,fluorine dioxide,hydrogen peroxide,nitrosyl chloride,2-methyl-1,3 butadiene,nitromethane,nitrosyl perchlorate.May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide,alkaline hydroxides,bromine,bromoform,isoprene,sodium,sulphur dioxide,chromium trioxide,chromyl chloride,nitric acid,chloroform,peroxymonosulphuric acid,phosphoryl oxychloride,chromosulphuric acid,fluorine,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents.Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: air, sources of heat. May react dangerously with: alkaline metals, amines, oxidising agents, acids.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

BUTANOL

Reacts violently developing heat on contact with: aluminium,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents,hydrochloric acid. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

TOLUENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds. May form explosive mixtures with: air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, sulphur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

ACETONE

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Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	
Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.	
I-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE	
Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.	
N-BUTYL ACETATE	
Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.	
BUTANOL	
Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.	
0.5. Incompatible materials	
Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.	
ACETONE	
ncompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.	
N-BUTYL ACETATE	
ncompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.	
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	
ncompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.	
0.6. Hazardous decomposition products	
ACETONE	
May develop: ketenes,irritant substances.	
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	
May develop: hydrogen.	
ETHYLBENZENE	
Nay develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.	
SECTION 11. Toxicological information	

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using

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the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

TOLUENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Acute toxicity causes irritation of the eyes, nose and throat in humans at 100 ppm (476 mg/kg) and pulmonary disorders at 400 ppm. No chronic effects on humans have been reported. The substance may have a depressive effect on the respiratory centres and cause death from respiratory failure.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and

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cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (IspesI). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Interactive effects

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

TOLUENE

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Oral) 3523 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 26 mg/l/4h Rat

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2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral) 8530 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rat

TOLUENE

LD50 (Oral) 5580 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYLBENZENE

LD50 (Oral) 3500 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 15354 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat

BUTANOL

LD50 (Oral) 790 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 3400 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 8000 ppm/4h Rat

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral) 615 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 405 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

LD50 (Oral) 4000 mg/kg Rat

PROPAN-2-OL

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LD50 (Oral) 4710 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 12800 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation) 72,6 mg/l/4h Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral) > 6400 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Excluded because the aerosol does not allow the accumulation of a significant amount of product in the mouth

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Solubility in water Degradability: information not available	100 - 1000 mg/l
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
TOLUENE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
ETHYLBENZENE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
BUTANOL Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
2-BUTOXYETHANOL Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l

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Rapidly degradable			
4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE			
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l		
Rapidly degradable	Ŭ		
PROPAN-2-OL			
Rapidly degradable			
ACETONE			
Rapidly degradable			
N-BUTYL ACETATE			
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l		
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,12		
BCF	25,9		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2		
TOLUENE			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2,73		
BCF	90		
ETHYLBENZENE			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,6		
BUTANOL			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1		
BCF	3,16		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,81		
4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	-0,09		
PROPAN-2-OL			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,05		
ACETONE			

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BCF	3	
	5	
N-BUTYL ACETATE		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2,3	
BCF	15,3	
2.4. Mobility in soil		
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)		
Partition coefficient: soil/water	2,73	
BUTANOL		
Partition coefficient: soil/water	0,388	
N-BUTYL ACETATE		
Partition coefficient: soil/water	< 3	

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1950 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	AEROSOLS
IMDG:	AEROSOLS
IATA:	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

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			Керио	Carewoldi. 15 (Dated. 15/02/2016)	
14.3. Transport ha	azard class(es)				
ADR / RID:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1	8		
IMDG:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
IATA:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1	8		
14.4. Packing gro	pup		•		
ADR / RID, IMDO IATA:	Э, -				
14.5. Environmen	tal hazards				
ADR / RID:	NO				
IMDG:	NO				
IATA:	NO				
14.6. Special prec	cautions for user				
ADR / RID:		HIN - Kemler:	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D)	
		Special provision: -	L	code. (D)	
IMDG:		EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 L		
IATA:		Cargo:	L Maximum quantity: 150 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203	
		Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 75 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203	
		Special provision:	A145, A167, A802	200	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P3a

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

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Point	40		
Substances in Candidate Li	<u>st (Art. 59 REACH)</u>		
On the basis of available da	ta, the product does not contain any SVHC	in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.	
Substances subject to author	prisation (Annex XIV REACH)		
None			
Substances subject to expo	rtation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649	/2012	
None			
Substances subject to the F	otterdam Convention:		
None			
Substances subject to the S	tockholm Convention:		
None			
Healthcare controls			
workers' health and safety a	emical agent must not undergo health cheo are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive	cks, provided that available risk-assessment da is respected.	ata prove that the risks related to the
		-	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.

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H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

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- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 18. Regulation (EU) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website ECHA website

Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control: therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11. Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP. Part 4. unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 14 / 15.